# Exercises for Algebraic Topology

# WS 2014

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#### 1.1.

Prove the following statements:

- (a) Let X and Y be topological spaces,  $A \subseteq X$ ,  $B \subseteq Y$ . Then  $\overline{A} \times \dot{B} \cup \dot{A} \times \overline{B}$  is the boundary of  $A \times B$  in  $X \times Y$ .
- (b) Let  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^m$  and  $B \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be convex. Then  $A \times B \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n+m}$  is convex.

#### 1.2.

The convex hull  $\langle A \rangle_{cv}$  of  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  is defined to be the smallest convex subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  which contains A. This is the intersection of all convex subsets of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  containing A. Show that

$$A = \left\{ \sum_{i=0}^{q} \lambda_i \, x_i : q \in \mathbb{N}, \lambda_i \ge 0, x_i \in A, \sum_{i=0}^{q} \lambda_i = 1 \right\}$$

#### 1.3.

Give an example of a mapping of pairs  $f: (X, A) \to (Y, B)$  which is a relative homeomorphism and for which  $f|_A: A \to B$  is a homeomorphism, but which is not a homeomorphism of pairs.

#### **1.4**.

For locally compact  $(T_2)$  but not compact spaces X the Alexandroff-compactification  $X_{\infty}$  is defined as the disjoint union  $X \sqcup \{\infty\}$  with the neighborhoods in X as neighborhoodbasis for the points  $x \in X$ and the complements of the compact subsets  $K \subseteq X$  in  $X_{\infty}$  as neighborhoodbasis at  $\infty$ . Show that this compactification is up to homeomorphy characterized by the properties that  $X_{\infty}$  is a compact space, X is a topological subspace of  $X_{\infty}$ , and  $X_{\infty} \setminus X$  is a single point. Conclude that for compact spaces X and  $x_0 \in X$  we have  $X \cong (X \setminus \{x_0\})_{\infty}$ .

# 1.5.

Show that for any  $x, y \in \mathring{D}^n$  there is a homeomorphism of pairs  $(D^n, \{x\}) \cong (D^n, \{y\})$ .

#### 1.6.

For R > r > 0 let the filled torus be the subset of V of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  obtained by rotating a closed disk in the *x*-*z*-plane with center (R, 0, 0) and radius r around the *z*-axes. It can be described by  $V = \{(x, y, z) : (\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - R)^2 + z^2 \le r^2\}$ . Show that formula of the embedding described in example [?, 1.18] gives also a homeomorphism  $S^1 \times D^2 \cong V$ .

# 1.7.

Show that the mapping  $(i_1, \ldots, i_n) : X_1 \lor \cdots \lor X_n \to X_1 \times \ldots \times X_n$  defined in [?, 1.41] is an embedding.

#### 1.8.

Show:  $(S^1 \times S^1)/(S^1 \vee S^1) \cong S^2$ .

# 1.9.

Show that  $\mathbb{R}^n/D^n \cong \mathbb{R}^n$  and that  $\mathbb{R}^n/\mathring{D}^n$  is not Hausdorff.

#### 1.10.

Show that any continuous  $f : X \to Y$  induces a continuous mapping  $C(f) : C(X) \to C(Y)$  between the cones, via  $f \times I : X \times I \to Y \times I$ .

# 1.11.

The suspension (dt. Einhängung) of a topological space X is E(X) := C(X)/X, where X is embedded into C(X) via  $x \mapsto (x, 1)$ . Show that  $f : X \to Y$  induces a mapping  $E(f) : E(X) \to E(Y)$ . Show furthermore, that  $E(D^n) \cong D^{n+1}$  and  $E(S^n) \cong S^{n+1}$ .

#### 1.12.

Show that the lens space  $L(\frac{1}{2})$  is homeomorphic to  $\mathbb{P}^3_{\mathbb{R}}$ .

#### 1.13.

Describe a mapping  $f: S^2 \to S^2 \vee S^1$  such that  $(S^2 \vee S^1) \cup_f D^3 \cong S^2 \times S^1$ . Hint: [?, 1.12].

#### 1.14.

Consider the subspace  $X := S^1 \cup D^1 \subseteq \mathbb{C}$  and a mapping  $f : S^1 \to X$  which runs through the top half circle, the diameter  $D^1$ , the bottom half circle, and again the diameter. Show that  $X \cup_f D^2$  is homeomorphic to the Möbius strip. **Hint:** Use [?, 1.94].

#### 1.15.

Let  $\mathbb{Z}$  act on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  by  $n : (x_1, x_2) \mapsto (x_1 + n, (-1)^n x_2)$ . Show that  $\mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}$  is homeomorphic to the open Möbius strip (i.e. the Möbius strip from [?, 1.59] without its boundary  $S^1$ ).

# 1.16.

Let G be the subgroup of homeomorphisms on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  generated by  $(x_1, x_2) \mapsto (x_1 + 1, x_2)$  and  $(x_1, x_2) \mapsto (-x_1, x_2 + 1)$ . Show that  $\mathbb{R}^2/G$  is homeomorphic to Kleins bottle.

#### 1.17.

Let T be the torus into  $\mathbb{R}^3$  as in [?, 1.18]. Consider the action of the group  $S^0 = \{\pm 1\}$  on T given by

- (1)  $(x, y, z) \xrightarrow{-1} (-x, -y, z)$  and show that  $T/S^0 \cong S^1 \times S^1$ .
- (2)  $(x, y, z) \xrightarrow{-1} (x, -y, -z)$  and show that  $T/S^0 \cong S^2$ .
- (3)  $(x, y, z) \xrightarrow{-1} (-x, -y, -z)$  and show that  $T/S^0$  is homeomorphic to Kleins bottle.

#### 1.18.

Let G be a finite group acting on X,  $A \subseteq X$  closed with X = GA and  $\sim$  die equivalence relation generated by  $x \sim gx$  for all x. Show, that the canonical mapping  $A/\sim \to X/\sim$  is a homeomorphism. **Hint:** In order to show openness prove that for every open  $U \subseteq A$  we have  $GU := \bigcup_{g \in G} g(U) = \bigcap_{g \in G} g(V)$ , where  $V = (X \setminus A) \cup U$  is open in X.

### 2.1.

Show that  $X \times Y$  is contractible provided X and Y are contractible.

#### 2.2.

Two homeomorphisms  $f_0, f_1 : X \to Y$  are called isotopic, iff there exists a homotopy  $t \mapsto f_t$  consisting of homeomorphism  $f_t : X \to Y$  only. Let  $f : D^n \to D^n$  be a homeomorphism with  $f|_{S^{n-1}} = \text{id}$  and f(0) = 0. Show that  $\text{id}_{D_n}$  is isotopic f to via  $f_t : x \mapsto t \tilde{f}(x/t)$ , where  $\tilde{f} : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$  is an appropriate extension of f.

#### 2.3.

Show that X is contractible if and only if  $\Delta : X \to X \times X, x \mapsto (x, x)$  is 0-homotopic.

# 2.4.

Show that the pointwise multiplication defines an Abelian group structure on  $[X, S^1]$  and, furthermore, that deg :  $[S^1, S^1] \to (\mathbb{Z}, +)$  is a group-homomorphism with respect to this group structure for  $X := S^1$ .

#### 2.5.

Let  $f : D^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a continuous function with  $f|_{S^1}$  odd. Show that there exists a  $z \in D^2$  with f(z) = 0. Deduce the existence of a solution  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  for

$$x\cos(y) = x^2 + y^2 - 1$$
 and  $y\cos(x) = \sin(2\pi(x^2 + y^2))$ 

#### 2.6.

Show that  $S^{\infty}$  is contractible.

**Hint:** Let  $p : \mathbb{R}^{\infty} \setminus \{0\} \to S^{\infty}$  given by  $x \mapsto \frac{x}{\|x\|_2}$ , where  $\|x\|_2 := \sqrt{\sum_k x_k^2}$ . Show that  $h_t : (x_0, x_1, x_2, \ldots) \mapsto p((1-t)x_0, tx_0 + (1-t)x_1, tx_1 + (1-t)x_2, tx_2 + (1-t)x_3, \ldots)$  defines a homotopy between  $\mathrm{id}_{S^{\infty}}$  and the right shift  $S^{\infty} \to \{x \in S^{\infty} : x_0 = 0\}$ . Now consider the homotopy  $(0, x_1, x_2, \ldots) \mapsto p(t, (1-t)x_1, (1-t)x_2, \ldots)$ .

#### 2.7.

Let  $p, q \in S^1 \times S^1$  be different points. Show that  $S^1 \times S^1 \setminus \{p, q\} \sim S^1 \vee S^1 \vee S^1$ .

# 2.8.

Show that  $\mathbb{R}^3 \setminus S^1 \sim S^1 \vee S^2$ , where  $S^1 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$  is the unit-circle in  $\mathbb{R}^2 \times \{0\}$ .

# 2.9.

Show that  $S^3 \setminus S^1 \sim S^1$ , where  $S^1$  is the unit-circle in  $\mathbb{R}^2 \times \{(0,0)\}$ .

# 2.10.

Show that the mapping cylinder of  $z \mapsto z^2$ ,  $S^1 \to S^1$  is homeomorphic to the Möbius strip.

### 2.11.

Show that for  $f: S^{n-1} \to Y$  one has  $M_f/S^{n-1} \sim Y \cup_f D^n$ .

# 2.12.

Show that  $O(n) \subseteq GL(n)$  is an SDR. **Hint:** Apply Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization to the columns of  $A \in GL(n)$  to obtain  $r(A) \in O(n)$ . This procedure is given by multiplication with an upper triangular matrix with positive diagonal entries depending smoothly on A. Now deform the matrix to the identity matrix.

# 3.1.

Let K be a simplicial complex in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and  $p \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus \mathbb{R}^n$ . The cone C(K, p) is the set consisting of  $\{p\}$ , all simplices of K, and all simplices  $\langle p, x_0, \ldots, x_i \rangle$  for  $\langle x_0, \ldots, x_i \rangle \in K$ . The suspension is  $E(K) := C(K, p) \cup C(K, -p)$ . Show that C(K, p) and E(K) are simplicial complexes with  $|C(K, p)| \cong C(|K|)$  and |E(K)| = E(|K|).

#### 3.2.

The cartesian product of two polyeder is a polyeder. **Hint:** Show that the product of two closed simplices  $\bar{\sigma}$  and  $\bar{\tau}$  can be triangulated using  $C((\sigma \times \tau)^{\cdot}) \cong \bar{\sigma} \times \bar{\tau}$ .

#### 3.3.

Let K be a simplicial complex and  $\alpha_i$  the number of *i*-simplices of K. The number  $\chi(K) := \sum_{i \ge 0} (-1)^i \alpha_i$  is called Euler-characteristic of K. Show that

• For any triangulation K of  $S^1$  we have  $\chi(K) = 0$ .

- $\chi(C(K, p)) = 1$  for the cone C(K, p) given in exercise (3.1).
- $\chi(E(K)) = 2 \chi(K)$  for the suspension E(K) given in exercise (3.1).
- $\chi(\dot{\sigma}) = 1 + (-1)^n$  where  $\dot{\sigma} := \{\tau : \tau < \sigma\}$  for any n + 1-simplex  $\sigma$ .

#### **3.4**.

Let  $x_0, \ldots, x_q$  be vertices of K. Show that  $\operatorname{st}_K(x_0) \cap \cdots \cap \operatorname{st}_K(x_q) \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \langle x_0, \ldots, x_q \rangle \in K$ .

# 3.5.

Show that  $S^1 \not\sim S^n$  for n > 1 and deduce  $\mathbb{R}^2 \ncong \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ . Hint: [?, 3.33].

### 4.1.

Find CW-decompositions with as few cells as possible of  $D^n$ ,  $S^1 \times I$ , the closed Möbiusstrip, and the disk  $D_g^2$  with g holes as in [?, 1.4.13].

### **4.2**.

Show that  $S^n \times S^m / S^n \vee S^m$  is a CW-space which is homeomorphic to  $S^{n+m}$ .

# **4.3**.

Show that the mapping cylinder of a cellular mapping between CW-spaces is a CW-space.

# 4.4.

Let X be a CW-space with  $\dim(X) < n$ . Show that  $[X, S^n] = \{0\}$ . Hint: Use [?, 4.21].

#### 5.1.

Determine the fundamental group of  $S^1 \times \mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2 \vee \mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $S^1 \times S^m$  for  $m \ge 2$ , and of  $\mathbb{R}^3 \setminus S^1$ .

The following exercises (5.2)-(5.5) show, that the isomorphy problem is algorithmically unsolvable for *m*-manifolds with  $m \ge 4$ . For this it is enough to show that every finitely presented group appears as fundamental group of such a manifold.

# 5.2.

Let M be a connected manifold of dimension  $m \geq 3$ . Show that  $\pi_1(M \setminus D_1^0) \cong \pi_1(M)$  for  $M \setminus D_1^0$ as in [?, 1.60].Deduce that for the connected sum  $M \sharp N$  of [?, 1.64] of two such manifolds we get  $\pi_1(M \sharp N) \cong \pi_1(M) \coprod \pi_1(N)$ .

Hint: Satz von Seifert und van Kampen.

#### 5.3.

Show that for  $m \ge 4$  the fundamental group of the connected sum M of k copies of  $S^1 \times S^{m-1}$  is the free group  $\langle \{s_1, \ldots, s_k\} : \emptyset \rangle$  with k generators.

#### 5.4.

Let  $f: S^1 \times D^{m-1} \to M$  be an embedding into an *m*-manifold *M*. Show that  $\pi_1(M) \cong \pi_1(M \setminus f(S^1 \times D^{m-1}))$  and, for *M* as in exercise (5.3), we have  $\pi_1(M \cup_f (D^2 \times S^{m-2})) \cong \langle \{s_1, \ldots, s_k\} : \{f|_{S^1 \times \{0\}} \} \rangle$ .

#### 5.5.

Let  $G = \langle \{s_1, \ldots, s_k\} : \{r_1, \ldots, r_l\} \rangle$  be a finitely represented group. Now construct a compact connected manifold without boundary recursively by starting with M from exercise (5.3) and cutting for every  $r_i \in \pi_1(M)$  a neighborhood homeomorphic to  $S^1 \times D^{m-1}$  of a appropriately choosen representant of  $r_i$  and pasting a cylinder  $D^2 \times S^{m-2}$  as in exercise (5.4).