## Proseminar zu Lie-Gruppen Michael Kunzinger

## WS2017/18

- 9. Prepare a short presentation about power series in Banach algebras. In particular, discuss radius of convergence, identity theorem for power series, Neumann series, exponential map and logarithm.
- 10. Let  $G := S^1 \times (\mathbb{R}^+, \cdot)$ . Pick local coordinates  $(\varphi, x)$  (with  $\varphi$  the angle on  $S^1, x \in \mathbb{R}^+$ ). Prove that the vector field  $X := \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} + x \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$  is left-invariant.
- 11. Let G be the Lie group consisting of the matrices

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 & x & y \\ 0 & 1 & z \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right)$$

(cf. ex. 6). Show that  $\{\frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y}, x\frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\}$  forms a basis of  $\mathfrak{X}_L(G)$ .

12. Let G be the set of all matrices of the form

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} x & 0 & y \\ 0 & x & z \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right)$$

 $(x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}, x > 0)$ . Verify that:

- (a) With the differentiable structure induced by the global chart  $A\mapsto (x,y,z),\,G$  is a Lie group.
- (b)  $\{x\frac{\partial}{\partial x}, x\frac{\partial}{\partial y}, x\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\}$  is a basis of  $\mathfrak{X}_L(G)$ .