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Convex Optimization Exercise session 4

19. Let X and Y be real normed spaces.

- (a) Let $f: Y \to \overline{\mathbb{R}}$ be a proper, convex and lower semicontinuous function and $A: X \to Y$ a linear and continuous operator such that $A^{-1}(\operatorname{dom} f) \neq \emptyset$. Prove that $(f \circ A)^* = \overline{A^* f^*}$.
- (b) Let $f_i: X \to \overline{\mathbb{R}}, i = 1, ..., m$, be proper, convex and lower semicontinuous functions such that $\bigcap_{i=1}^m \operatorname{dom} f_i \neq \emptyset$. Prove that $(f_1 + ... + f_m)^* = \overline{f_1^* \Box ... \Box f_m^*}$.

Hint. Use the Fenchel-Moreau Theorem.

- 20. Let $(X, \|\cdot\|)$ be a real normed space, $U \subseteq X$ a nonempty, open and convex set and $f: U \to \mathbb{R}$ a Gâteaux differentiable function on U. Prove that the following statements are equivalent:
 - (i) f is convex on U;
 - (ii) $\langle \nabla f(x), y x \rangle \leq f(y) f(x) \ \forall x, y \in U;$
 - (iii) $\langle \nabla f(y) \nabla f(x), y x \rangle \ge 0 \ \forall x, y \in U;$
 - (iv) when f is twice Gâteaux differentiable function on U, $\nabla^2 f(x)(d, d) \ge 0 \ \forall x \in U \ \forall d \in X$.
- 21. Let X be a real normed space and, for $m \geq 2$, let $f_i : X \to \overline{\mathbb{R}}, i = 1, ..., m$, be proper and convex functions fulfilling the qualification condition:

$$\exists x' \in \bigcap_{i=1}^{m} \text{dom } f_i \text{ such that the functions } f_i, i = 1, ..., m - 1, \text{ are continuous at } x'.$$

Prove that the following statements are true:

(a) $(f_1 + \dots + f_m)^*(x^*) = \min \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^m f_i^*(x^{i*}) : \sum_{i=1}^m x^{i*} = x^* \right\} \ \forall x^* \in X^*;$ (b) $\partial (f_1 + \dots + f_m)(x) = \partial f_1(x) + \dots + \partial f_m(x) \ \forall x \in X.$

Hint. Use Theorem 7.3 and Theorem 7.4 from the lecture.

22. Let be the proper and convex functions

$$f: \mathbb{R} \to \overline{\mathbb{R}}, f(x) = \begin{cases} x(\ln x - 1), & \text{if } x > 0, \\ 0, & \text{if } x = 0, \\ +\infty, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and

(a)

(b)

$$g: \mathbb{R} \to \overline{\mathbb{R}}, g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x^2, & \text{if } x \leq 0, \\ +\infty, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Investigate the existence of strong duality for

$$\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \left\{ f(x) + g(x) \right\}$$

and its Fenchel dual problem.

23. For $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$ and $g : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$, $g(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 + x_2 - 1, 1 - x_1 - x_2)^T$, consider the convex optimization problem:

inf
$$f(x_1, x_2)$$
.
s.t. $(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$
 $g(x_1, x_2) \leq \mathbb{R}^2 \mid 0$

- (a) Show that the weak Slater qualification condition (condition (QC_5^L) in the lecture) is fulfilled.
- (b) Find the optimal objective value of the primal optimization problem and an optimal solution of its Lagrange dual.
- 24. Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$, $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ and $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Formulate the Lagrange duals of the following linear optimization problems:

$$\inf_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ Ax \leq \mathbb{R}^m_+ b}} c^T x; \\ \inf_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{R}^m_+ \\ s.t. }} c^T x. \\ \sup_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{R}^n_+ \\ Ax = b}} c^T x. \\ n = b$$

Formulate the weakest possible qualification conditions which guarantee strong duality for the resulting primal-dual pairs of optimization problems.