

# Topics in Algebra: Cryptography - Blatt 3

<http://www.mat.univie.ac.at/~gagt/crypto2019>

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## 1 Test questions from the lecture to refresh:

**Question 1.** Give a proof of Theorem 2 from the Annex notes for Chapter 2.

## 2 Exercises

Throughout these exercises, let  $\mathbb{F}_p$  be the field with  $p$  elements, where  $p$  is prime and  $E := E(\mathbb{F}_p)$  be the set of  $\mathbb{F}_p$ -points of an elliptic curve defined over  $\mathbb{F}_p$ .

**Question 2.** Suppose that  $p > 3$  is an odd prime, and  $a, b \in \mathbb{F}_p$ . Further, suppose that the equation  $x^3 + ax + b = 0 \pmod{p}$  has three distinct solutions in  $\mathbb{F}_p$ . Prove that the corresponding elliptic curve group  $(E, +)$  is not a cyclic group. (Hint: Consider the subgroup of elements of order 2.)

**Question 3.** Using Hasse's bound, show that the only finite fields  $\mathbf{k}$  over which there is an elliptic curve without  $\mathbf{k}$ -rational points are  $\mathbb{F}_2, \mathbb{F}_3$  and  $\mathbb{F}_4$ .

**Question 4.** Let  $p > 3$  is prime. Suppose also that  $|E|$  is a prime,  $P \in E$  and  $P \neq \mathcal{O}$ , where  $\mathcal{O}$  is the point at infinity.

- i) Prove that the discrete logarithm  $\log_p(-P) = |E| - 1$ ;
- ii) Describe how to compute  $|E|$  in  $O(p^{\frac{1}{4}})$  time using Hasse's bound on  $|E|$  together with a modification of Shank's algorithm.

**Question 5.** (Finite Fields and their extensions)

1. Show that for an irreducible polynomial  $f$  over  $\mathbb{F}_p$  that the finite field extension  $\mathbf{k}$  generated by  $\mathbb{F}_p$  and the roots of  $f$  is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{F}_p^n$  for some  $n > 0$ .
2. Compute the algebraic closure of  $\mathbb{F}_p$ .

**Question 6.** We consider the following two models for the projective plane  $\mathbb{R}P^2$ . Here  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is given by  $(x, y, z)$ -coordinates.

Model 1: the sphere  $S^2$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with antipodal points identified.

Model 2: the plane  $P = \{(x, y, z) \mid z = 1\}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

1. Describe why (or prove how) these models are equivalent (Perhaps a sketch would help).
2. What are lines in the second model of  $\mathbb{R}P^2$ ?
3. What do these lines look like as lines on the sphere?