

Atoms and charge beyond type A

Jacinta Torres

Jagiellonian University in Kraków, Poland

(jt. with Maciej Dołęga, Leonardo Patimo and Thomas Gerber)

Séminaire Lotharigien de Combinatoire 90

3-6th September 2023

Bad Boll

Kostka–Foulkes polynomials

\mathfrak{g} - complex semi-simple Lie algebra

Kostka–Foulkes polynomials

\mathfrak{g} - complex semi-simple Lie algebra $\lambda, \mu \in X^+ \rightsquigarrow$

Kostka–Foulkes polynomials

\mathfrak{g} - complex semi-simple Lie algebra $\lambda, \mu \in X^+ \rightsquigarrow$

$$d_{\lambda, \mu} := \dim(V(\lambda)_{\mu})$$

Kostka–Foulkes polynomials

\mathfrak{g} - complex semi-simple Lie algebra $\lambda, \mu \in X^+ \rightsquigarrow$

$d_{\lambda, \mu} := \dim(V(\lambda)_\mu) \xrightarrow[\text{q-analogue}]{} K_{\lambda, \mu}(q)$ Kostka–Foulkes polynomial

Kostka–Foulkes polynomials

\mathfrak{g} - complex semi-simple Lie algebra $\lambda, \mu \in X^+ \rightsquigarrow$

$d_{\lambda, \mu} := \dim(V(\lambda)_\mu) \xrightarrow{\text{q-analogue}} K_{\lambda, \mu}(q)$ Kostka–Foulkes polynomial

$$K_{\lambda, \mu}(q) := \sum_{w \in W} \text{sgn}(w) \mathbb{P}_q(w(\lambda + \rho) - \mu - \rho)$$

Different incarnations

- Kostka-Foulkes polynomials

$$s_\lambda = \sum_{\mu \in X^+} K_{\lambda, \mu}(q) P_\mu(x; q)$$

Different incarnations

- Kostka-Foulkes polynomials

$$s_\lambda = \sum_{\mu \in X^+} K_{\lambda, \mu}(q) P_\mu(x; q)$$

- jump polynomials of the Brylinski filtration

Different incarnations

- Kostka-Foulkes polynomials

$$s_\lambda = \sum_{\mu \in X^+} K_{\lambda, \mu}(q) P_\mu(x; q)$$

- jump polynomials of the Brylinski filtration

$$\sum_{p \geq 0} \dim(J_e^p(V_\mu^\lambda) / J_e^{p-1}(V_\mu^\lambda)) q^p$$

- Kazhdan–Lusztig polynomials for the extended affine Hecke algebra.

Big open problem

Find a positive combinatorial formula for $K_{\lambda,\mu}(q)$.

Big open problem

Find a positive combinatorial formula for $K_{\lambda,\mu}(q)$.

This amounts to finding:

- A set $B(\lambda)_\mu$ of cardinality $B(\lambda)_\mu$

Big open problem

Find a positive combinatorial formula for $K_{\lambda,\mu}(q)$.

This amounts to finding:

- A set $B(\lambda)_\mu$ of cardinality $B(\lambda)_\mu$
- A map $\text{ch} : B(\lambda)_\mu \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ such that

Big open problem

Find a positive combinatorial formula for $K_{\lambda,\mu}(q)$.

This amounts to finding:

- A set $B(\lambda)_\mu$ of cardinality $B(\lambda)_\mu$
- A map $\text{ch} : B(\lambda)_\mu \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ such that

$$K_{\lambda,\mu}(q) = \sum_{T \in B(\lambda)_\mu} q^{\text{ch}(T)}$$

Big open problem

Find a positive combinatorial formula for $K_{\lambda,\mu}(q)$.

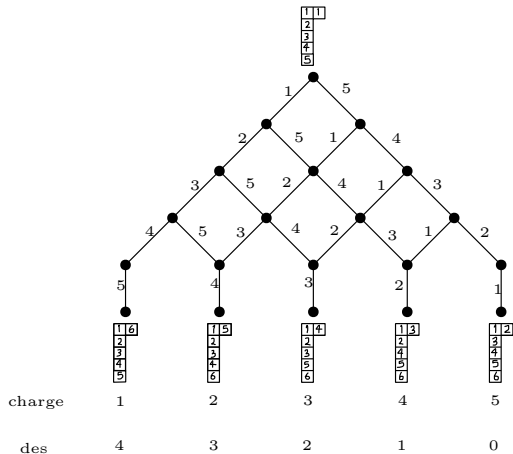
This amounts to finding:

- A set $B(\lambda)_\mu$ of cardinality $B(\lambda)_\mu$
- A map $\text{ch} : B(\lambda)_\mu \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ such that

$$K_{\lambda,\mu}(q) = \sum_{T \in B(\lambda)_\mu} q^{\text{ch}(T)}$$

We call such a map a **charge** statistic after Lascoux–Schützenberger, who solved this problem in 1978 for type A_n , that is for $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}(n+1, \mathbb{C})$.

Fun fact: the classical exponents of type A_n



What is known?

- Lascoux–Leclerc–Thibon’s re-interpretation of type A_n charge in terms of crystal operators (1995)
- Conjecture in type C_n due to Lecouvey (2005)
- \rightsquigarrow proven for $\lambda = k\omega_1$ (jt. with M. Dołęga and T. Gerber) (2020)
- Lenart–Lecouvey’s formula for the generalized exponents $K_{\lambda,0}$ (2019)
- Patimo’s new proof of the charge formula in type A_n using the geometry of the affine grassmannian, Hecke algebras, and combinatorics of twisted Bruhat graphs... (2023)
- New charge statistic in type C_2 , using the above mentioned methodology (jt. with L. Patimo) (preprint 2023)

Thank you :)