Exercise sheet 6

(due Wed. 18.6.14)

Exercise 13. [Gradient nonlinearity] Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be nonempty, open, bounded, connected, and smoothly bounded and $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ be Lipschitz continuous. Prove that for all $u^0 \in H^1_0(\Omega)$ there exists a unique $u \in H^1(0,T; L^2(\Omega)) \cap L^{\infty}(0,T; H^1_0(\Omega))$ solving the problem

$$u_t - \Delta u + f(\nabla u) = 0 \quad \text{in } \quad \Omega \times (0, T),$$
$$u(\cdot, 0) = u^0 \quad \text{in } \quad \Omega,$$
$$u = 0 \quad \text{in } \quad \partial \Omega \times (0, T),$$

at least in the sense of distributions.

Exercise 14. [A reaction-diffusion system] Given Ω as above, discuss the reaction-diffusion system

$$u_t - 3\Delta u = -(u-v)^3 - u$$
$$v_t - \Delta v = (u-v)^3 + 2u$$

in $\Omega \times (0,T)$ along with initial and homogeneous Neumann boundary conditions.

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$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \Delta u + f(\nabla u) &= 0 \quad \text{in } \ \Omega \times (0, T), \\ u(\cdot, 0) &= u^0 \quad \text{in } \ \Omega, \\ u &= 0 \quad \text{in } \ \partial \Omega \times (0, T), \end{aligned}$$

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