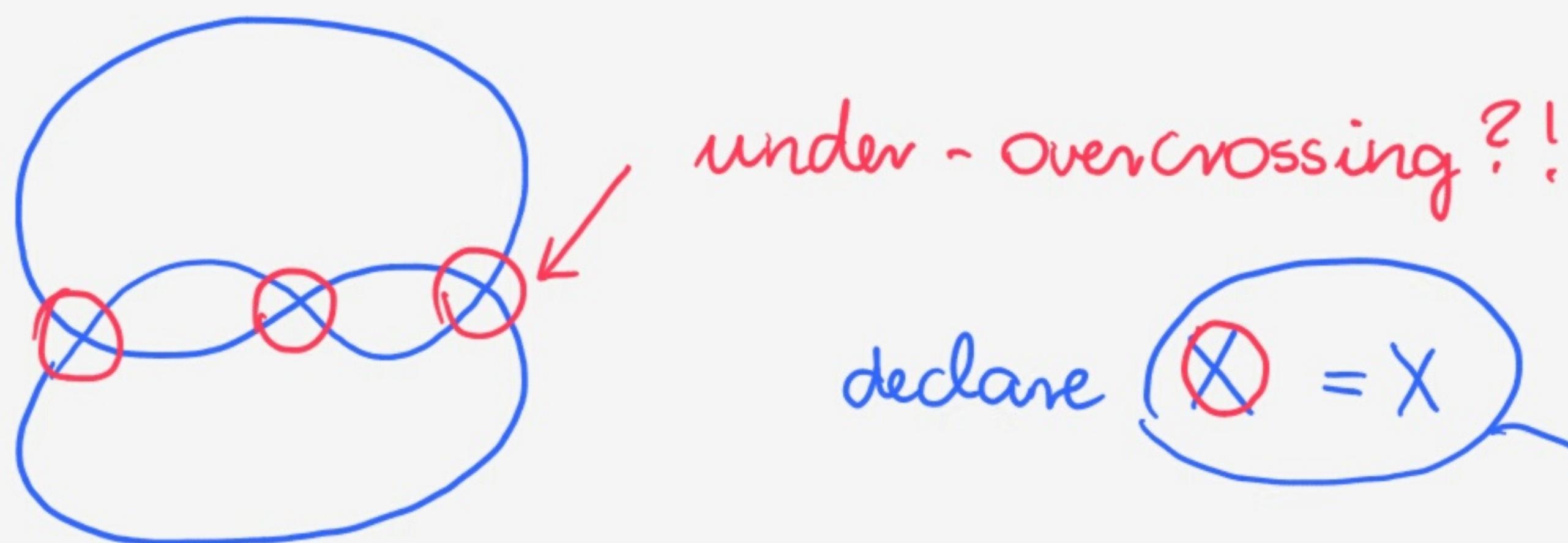
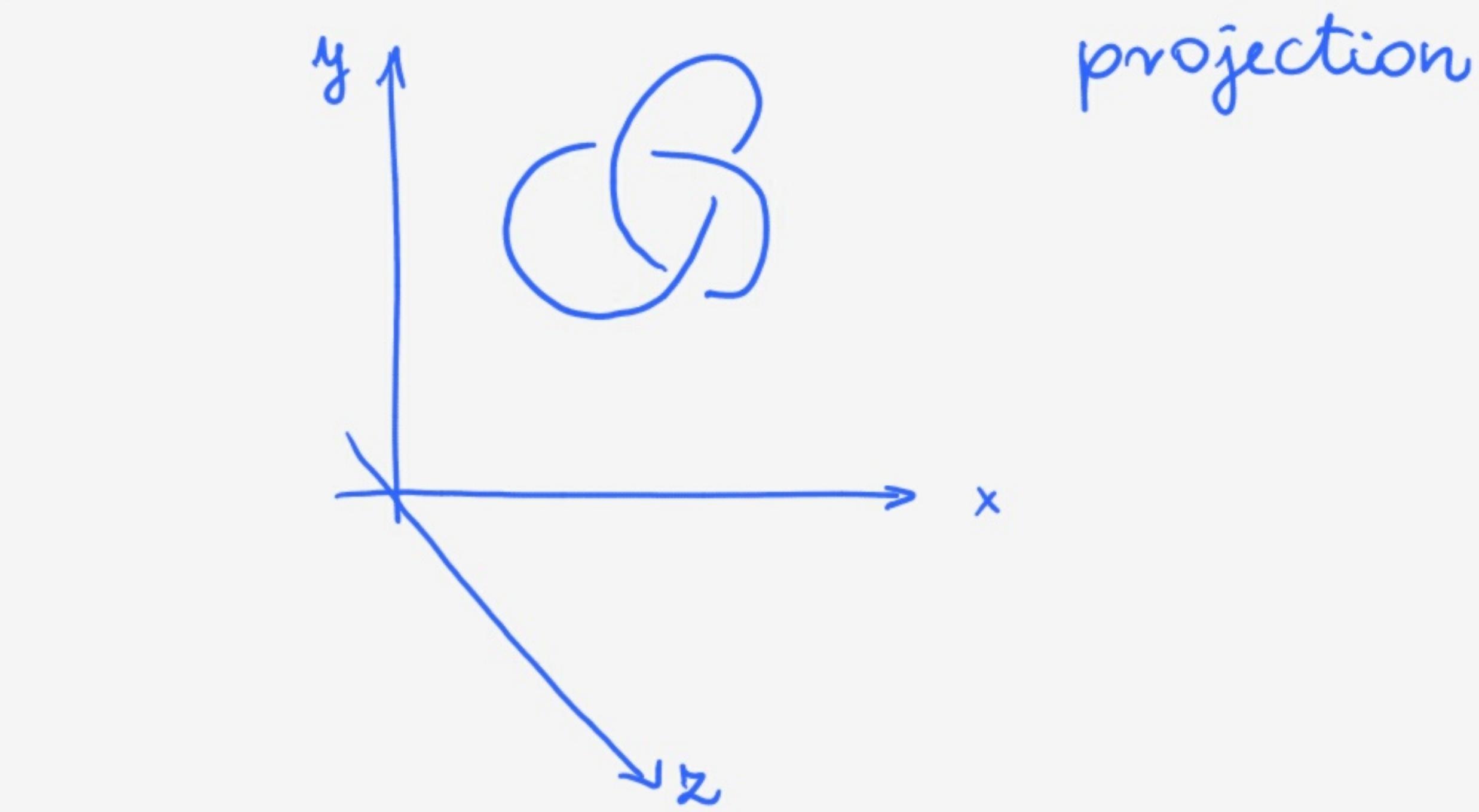


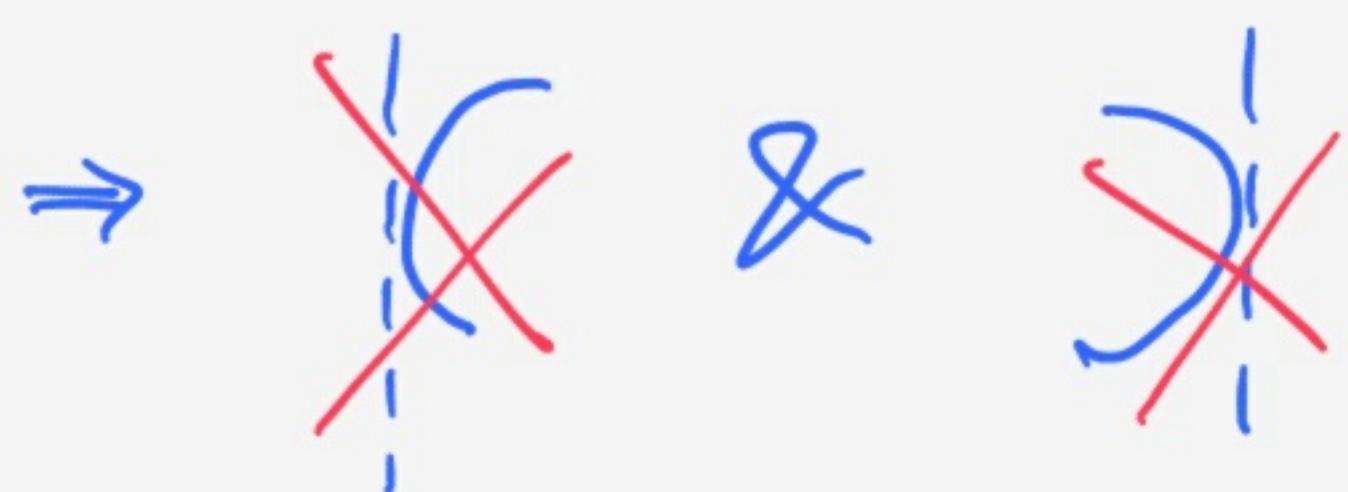
# KNOTS in $S^3$



declare  $\otimes = X$

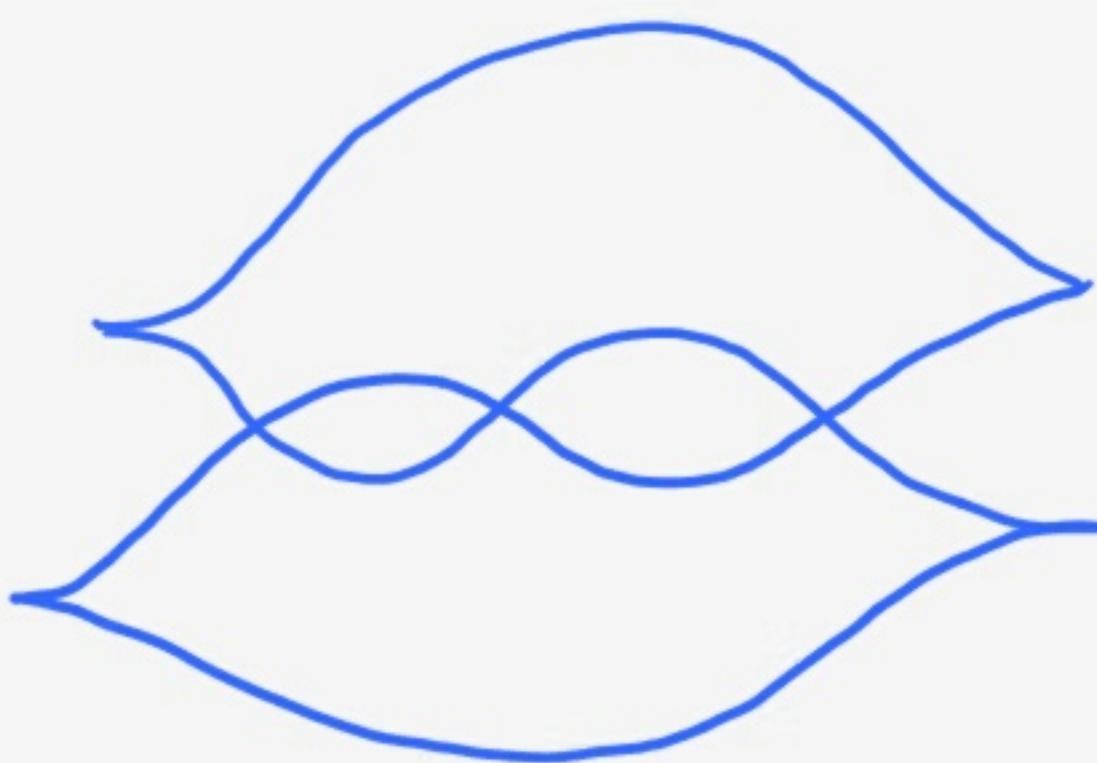
planfield  
(standard contact  
structure)

- Legendrian Knots:



slope in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  = height

$$\left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = z \right)$$

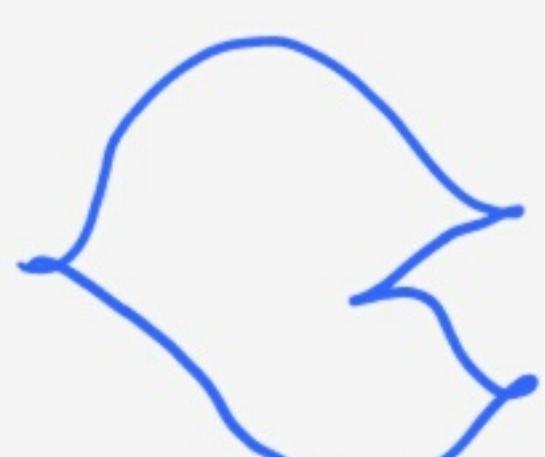


Q1:  $L$  &  $L'$  Legendrian Knots

$$L \xrightarrow{\text{isot}} L' \quad \xleftarrow{?} \quad L \xrightarrow[\text{isot}]{} L'$$

$\Leftarrow \checkmark$

$\Rightarrow \times$  simplest example :



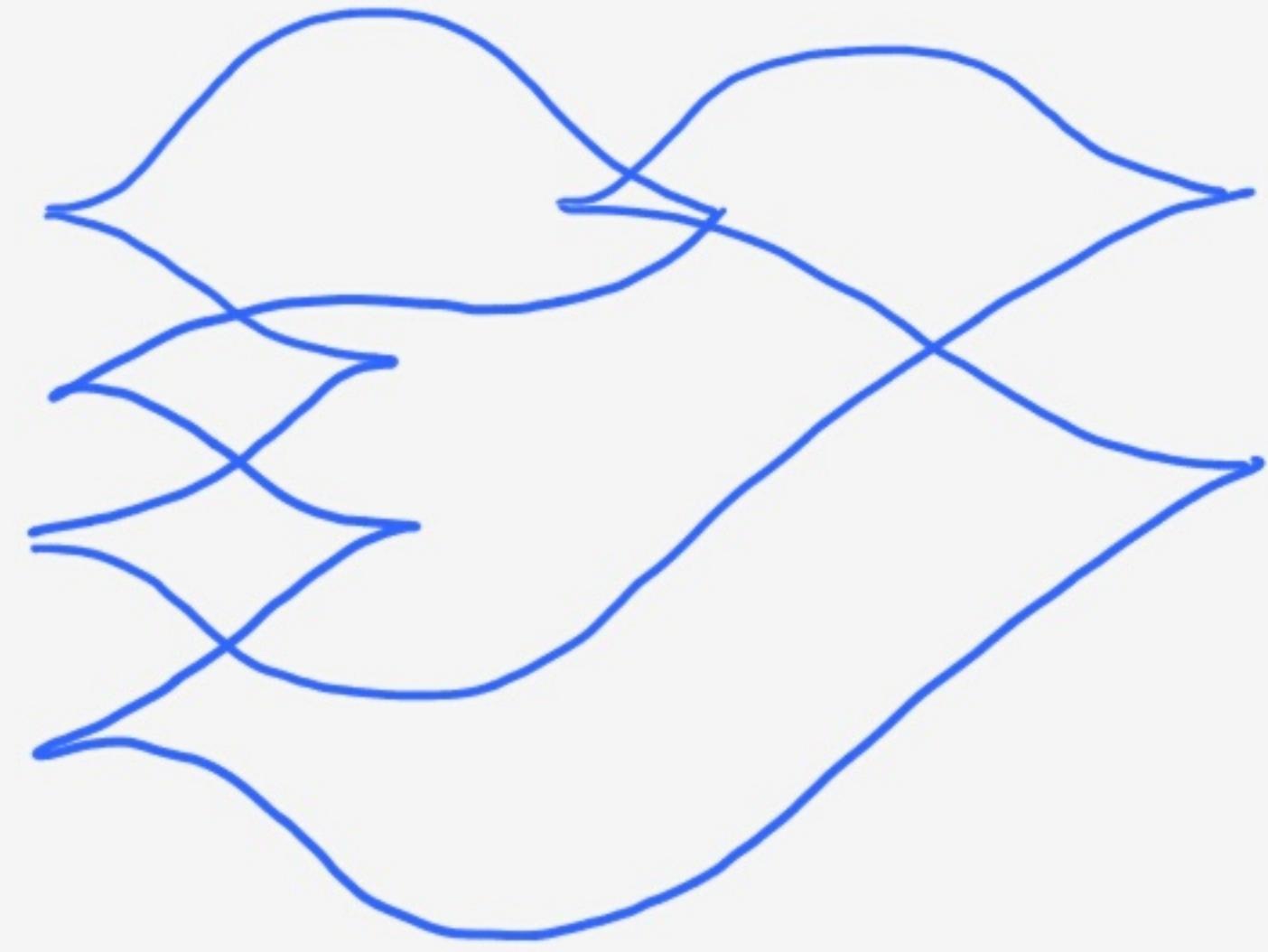
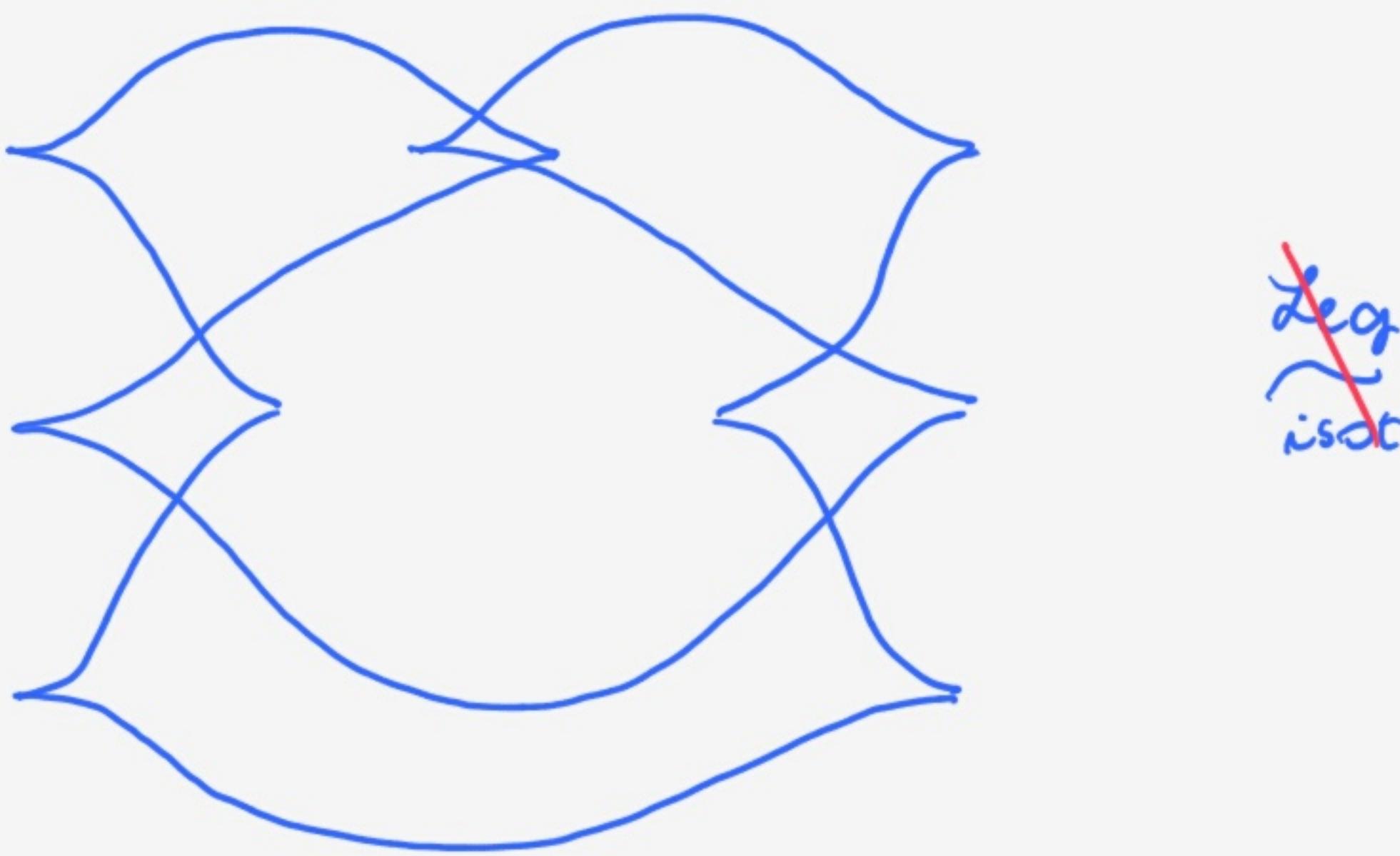
How do we distinguish Legendrian Knots?

- Invariants:
  - Thurston-Bennequin #  
 $L \mapsto tb(L) \in \mathbb{Z}$
  - rotation #  
 $L \mapsto r(L) \in \mathbb{Z}$

Q2  $L, L'$  Leg Enot  $L \xrightarrow{\text{isot}} L'$   
 $tb(L) = tb(L')$   $\xrightarrow{?} L \xrightarrow[\text{isot}]{\text{Leg}} L'$   
 $r(L) = r(L')$

- un&not (Eliashberg) ✓
- figure eight & torus Enots (Etnyre - Honda) ✓

But! not all Enots! simplest example:  $(tb=1, r=0)$

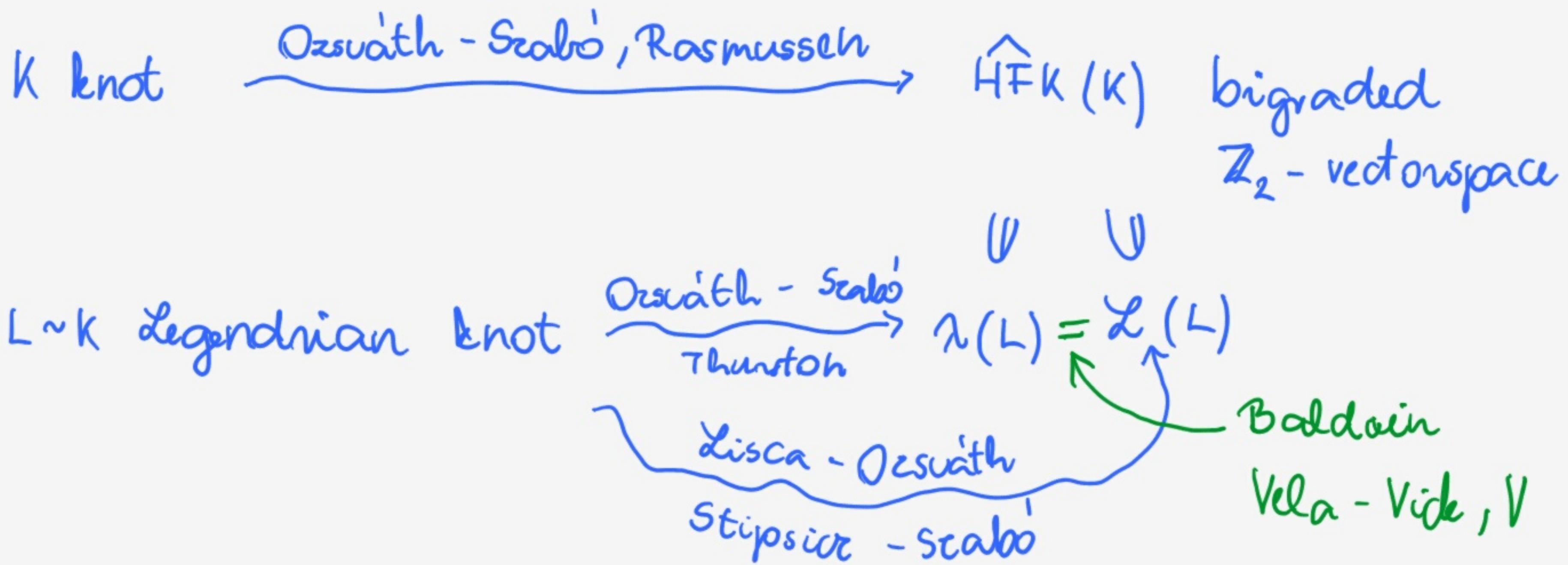


twist knots (Epstein - Fuchs - Meier)

RE: (Etnyre - Ng - V)  
 complete classification  
 of all twist knots

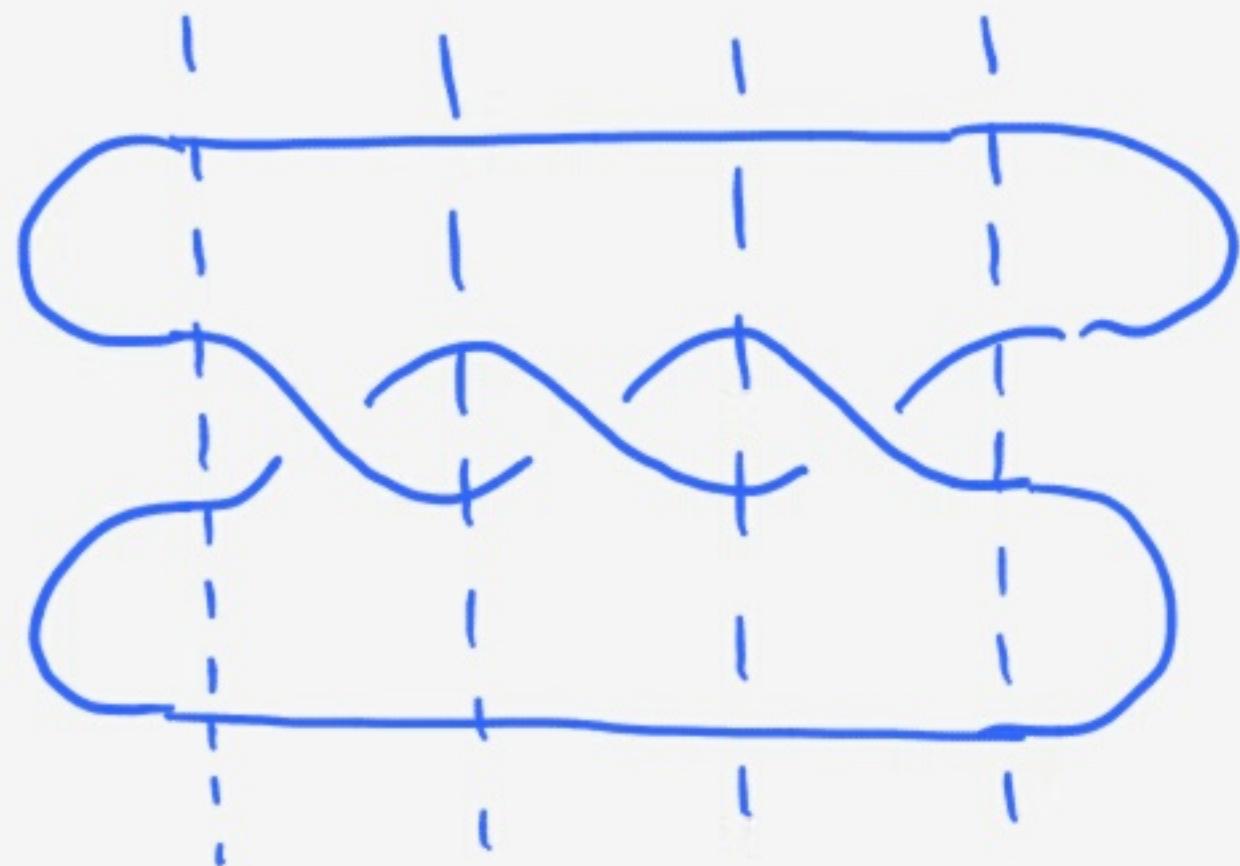
• more invariants:

- Legendrian contact homology
- Huguaard Floer homology



- generalise Alexander polynomial
- detects knot-genus (Ozsváth-Szabó)
- fiberedness (Ghiggini, Ni)
- bounds slice-genus (Ozsváth, Szabó)

Computing: (defined using PDE)



Pfkva-V: computing HFK from pieces