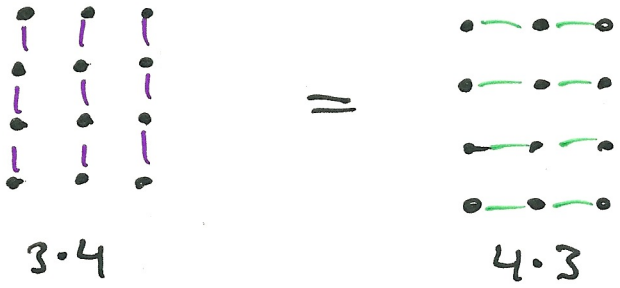
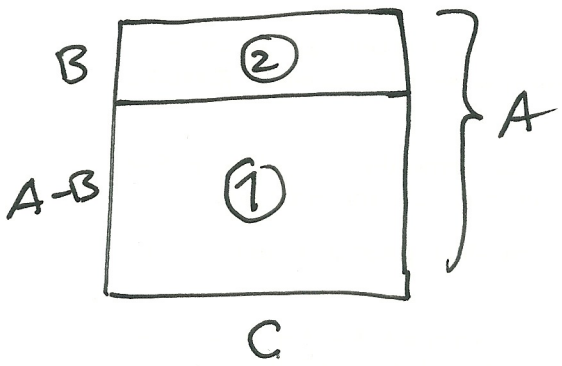
DARSTELLUNGEN

- $A \cdot B = B \cdot A$



- $(A-B)\cdot C = A\cdot C - B\cdot C$



$① + ② = A \cdot C$

$① = (① + ②) - ②$

$= A \cdot C - B \cdot C$

AB5

- $(A+B)\cdot(A-B) = A\cdot A - A\cdot B + B\cdot A - B\cdot B$

zusammen Null

$= A^2 - B^2$

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362 (a) 5^4 (d) $\frac{1}{4}$ (e) $\frac{1}{7^7}$ (h) $\frac{1}{5^2}$

364 (a) x^2y^2 (b) $x^2y^2z^2$ (c) $x^3y^3z^3$

374 (a) $4\cdot p^3q^3$ (b) $27\cdot p^3\cdot r^4$

377 (b) $5\cdot w$ (c) uz^2
